MiCCA

Michigan Clinicians for Climate Action

Visit » https://www.michigancca.com

Who We Are:

We are nurses, doctors, public health workers, health professionals and scientists from across Michigan. We have united to advocate for climate action because climate change has far-reaching and detrimental health impacts.

Michigan Clinicians for Climate Action is committed to communicating that the global climate crisis is a public health emergency and advocating for equitable solutions to decrease the impact of climate change on human health.

MiCCA is a state affiliate of the national group Medical Consortium for Climate and Health, which works out of George Mason University and comprises 22 state affiliates.

Values & Voice

As healthcare professionals, our positions on proposed climate solutions are contingent on the:

- efficacy of addressing CO2 emissions,
- the health risks of solutions, and
- the equitable realization of health co-benefits.

We are a nonpartisan group committed to health equity and climate justice. The power of our voice comes from our commitment to health of Michigan residents, our commitment to science and the integrity of our research.



Contact Us » michc4ca@gmail.com

Negative Health Impacts of Subsidizing Agricultural Digesters

Digesters claim to reduce agricultural harms and help small farms BUT:

Incentivize the **proliferation** of CAFOs and contribute to their viability

- Because of high costs, digesters are <u>almost exclusively</u> <u>available</u> to concentrated animal feed operations (CAFOs) and are correlated with <u>accelerated growth in herd size</u>
- CAFOs provide *significant* public health risks including:
 Water contamination, <u>increased asthma</u>, and <u>infant</u> <u>mortality</u>, and <u>other psychophysiological</u> damages
- CAFO workers risk of sudden death from hydrogen sulfide exposure, and <u>digesters are equally or more dangerous</u>
- Concentrated animal populations use <u>almost 75% of</u> <u>antimicrobials</u> produced and cause antimicrobial-resistant infections in humans

Digesters claim to reduce green house gas emissions BUT:

Require investment that prolongs our **reliance on** greenhouse gas-producing energy

- Methane is not clean energy. Burning methane generates CO2, a greenhouse gas
- Digester infrastructure, including pipelines, entrenches our dependence on carbon-based fuels that will make emissions targets impossible while worsening air-quality
- <u>Nitrous oxide</u>, enteric methane, and <u>pipeline leaks</u> will likely offset any reduction in emissions from digesters
- Climate change is a health emergency and we must prioritize renewables that create health co-benefits

Digesters claim to reduce harmful pollutants BUT:

Sustain sacrifice zones and contribute to environmental health threats



- Digester byproduct spread on fields can <u>increase ammonia</u> <u>emissions</u>, causing malodor irritation that include: shortness of breath, nausea, headaches, and palpitations (eg: <u>1</u>, <u>2</u>)
- Ammonia also <u>increases PM 2.5 pollution</u>, a regulated air pollutant that causes respiratory and cardiac diseases
- Ammonia on fields is <u>easily converted to nitrate</u>, which pollutes water sources and can contribute to infant mortality
- Codigesters that accept food waste may <u>introduce PFAs</u> contamination <u>to water, soil, and human bodies</u>